



Outline

- Brief background
- What do we mean by "research"?
- Is there a link between the two?If so, what does it look like?
- Are there any disadvantages or risks?
- Linking research and teaching in the curriculum – the Healey framework
- · Questions and comments



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In your opinion...

- Is it important to connect to research in your teaching?
- If so, why? If not, why?

Write a brief comment in the Zoom chat!

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Ideal by von Humboldt

The notion of a close relationship between research and teaching was originally formulated by von Humboldt in the early 19th century (Östling 2016).

The teaching-research nexus is

- an ideal widely recognised, for instance as manifested in the *Magna Charta Universitatum*,
- a central feature of academic tradition,
- nowadays frequently emphasised in university policy documents.



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The Higher Education Act Högskolelagen (1992:1434) 1 kap

Section 3

The operations of higher education institutions shall be organised to ensure that there are close links between research, and courses and study programmes.



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The Higher Education Ordinance Högskoleförordningen (1993:100)

Examples in the Degree ordinance include:

- awareness of current research
- insight into current research and development work
 demonstrate the skills required for <u>participation</u> in research and development work or autonomous employment in some other qualified capacity
- demonstrate the ability to ... <u>participate</u> in research ... and so contribute to the formation of knowledge

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What do we mean by research? (1/2)

"One of the major difficulties in making sense of the teaching-research nexus is that research does not have a single, generally accepted, meaning. It has different meanings in different contexts." (Griffiths 2004, p. 714)

Different types of categorisations:

- (1) Basic & applied research, Mode 1 & Mode 2 (e.g. Gibbons et al 1994)
- (2) Scholarship of discovery, integration, application and teaching (Boyer 1990)



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What do we mean by research? (2/2)

- (3) Broström (2012) identified four overarching **functions** of research:
- Knowledge production (incl contributing to knowledge in the society, discovery for the benefit of mankind, and contributing to problem solving and development)
- Providing a foundation for teaching and learning in higher education
- (4) Students may learn from and participate in **authentic** research aiming for knowledge production and/or they may participate in **simulated** research projects that build on research processes and problems (Healey 2005).

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"The broader the university definition of what counts for research, the more faculty are able to integrate research and classroom-oriented teaching." (Colbeck 1998, p 661)



For you to think about and discuss with your colleagues...

- What is your definition of research?
- What counts for research at your department?

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Is there a link between the two? If so, what does it look like?

- "No relationship (...) between research and teaching..." (Ramsden & Moses 1992, p 273)
- Mutual connection: Research influences teaching and teaching influences research (e.g. Neumann 1992)
- Among faculty members, the two tasks may be considered as integrated or separated (e.g. Robertson 2007, see also Brew 2006)



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For you to think about and discuss with your colleagues...

- How do you perceive the two tasks research and teaching, as separated or integrated?

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In your opinion...

- Are there any disadvantages or risks by including links to research in your teaching?

Write a brief comment in the Zoom chat!

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Is academic drift a risk?

Do links to research lead to a loss of connections to professional practice? Some scholars have raised concerns... (e.g. Christensen & Newberry 2015), Duff & Marriott 2017).

I my thesis, the results showed that the interviewees did not see the two aspects as conflicting.

"On the contrary, they acknowledged that connections to research and professional practice may be intertwined in a seamless blend" (Magnell 2019, 59)



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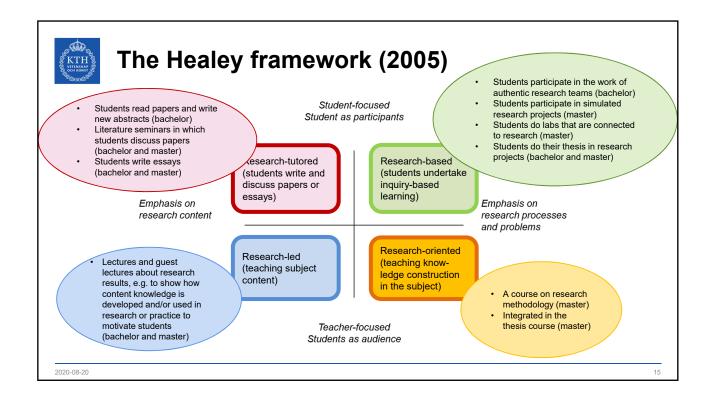




For you to think about and discuss with your colleagues...

- Are connections to research contradictory to or compatible with connections to professional practice?
- Do you find one of them more important than the other?

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Questions?

Comments?

Thank you! magnell@kth.se

